

## Cayman Islands Mini-Woodlands - Trees, Shrubs, some Vines & Ground Covers

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Grand Cayman's birds suffered very badly as a result of **HURRICANE IVAN** (11-12 Sept. 2004) & its aftermath, when there was little food or shelter. The preservation & re-planting of Cayman's indigenous (& a few that have become naturalized & grow in the wild) trees & shrubs, **in clusters**, rather than singly, will create a **network of mini-woodlands** to aid the re-establishment of bird populations. Listed are different species that provide suitable roosts & nesting sites & a year-round supply of fruits for **BIRDS**.

### Legend:

**endemic\*** grows only in the Cayman Islands & nowhere else in the world

Salt-tolerance, drought tolerance and **WIND-tolerance** taken into account. Plants that are deep-rooted & slender-trunked offer less resistance to high winds & survive storms better than shallow-rooted, top heavy trees. Slow-growing trees are usually more wind-tolerant than fast growing trees.

Some may be culturally significant or invasive, or both, eg Logwood

**Monoecious** plants have separate male and female flowers on the same plant, eg Narrow-Leaf Ironwood.

**Dioecious** plants have separate male and female flowers on different plants, eg Bitter Plum, Cabbage Tree, Fustic, Rosemary.

**No** - Some plants are on the list that are NOT recommended for planting because they are very common and don't need human help, or invasive or harmful to people, exacerbate beach erosion or are hazardous in storms.

**Beware! (poisonous or spiny) DO NOT TOUCH - bold type** | lfp - Butterfly larval food plants (lfp)

fr - fruit - could be a berry (many seeds), drupe (one central stony seed), capsule (eg Mahogany), pod, etc.

(It does not necessarily mean an edible fruit for humans, but may be for **BIRDS**)

√ - first choice

c - culturally significant plant

st medium or highly salt-tolerant (may be some omissions)

If plants did not have a use by people in Cayman, they often did not have a **Cayman common name**. In some cases, the US or Jamaican or other common names have been used - these are subject to revision. Alternate common names are separated by - ; Some plants may have many common names, because they occur in different countries. The US common names are almost always different from the Cayman common names.

Go [www.google.com](http://www.google.com) type in *scientific name* , click **Images** tab.

| Common Name                 | Scientific Name                                   |      | st | FAMILY        | Notes  |
|-----------------------------|---|------|----|---------------|--|
| Almond; Indian Almond       | <i>Terminalia catappa</i>                         | no   | x  | COMBRETACEAE  | very common - invasive   |
| Antirhea                    | <i>Antirhea lucida</i>                            |      |    | RUBIACEAE     | fresh water  |
| Asian Colubrina; Latherleaf | <i>Colubrina asiatica</i>                         | NO   | X  | RHAMNACEAE    | non-native viny shrub, very invasive   |
| Astrocasia                  | <i>Astrocasia tremula</i>                         |      |    | EUPHORBIACEAE | shrub  |
| Aunt Eliza Bush             | <i>Tournefortia volubilis</i>                     |      |    | BORAGINACEAE  | vine   |
| Balsam                      | <i>Clusia flava</i>                               | no   | x  | CLUSIACEAE    | tends to predominate   |
| Balsam                      | <i>Clusia rosea</i>                               |      | ?  | CLUSIACEAE    | pink flowers   |
| Birch; Red Birch            | <i>Bursera simaruba</i>                           |      | x  | BURSERACEAE   | grows v.quickly, seeds itself readily. Branches snap off in high winds. Beetle larvae make holes in trunk. |
| Bitter Plum                 | <i>Picrodendron baccatum</i>                      | √c   |    | EUPHORBIACEAE | Dioecious, orange fruits eaten by rabbits/agouti   |
| Bloody Head-Raw-Bones       | <i>Capparis flexuosa</i>                          |      | x  | CAPPARACEAE   | white flowers, v. common. B'fly lfp  |
| Broadleaf*                  | <i>Cordia sebestena</i> var. <i>caymanensis</i> * | √c   | X  | BORAGINACEAE  | bright red-orange flowers, very resilient shrub/sm tree  |
| Bromeliad; Air-plant        | <i>Tillandsia spp</i>                             |      |    | BROMELIACEAE  | several spp of epiphytes - grow on trees   |
| Broombush False Willow      | <i>Baccharis dioica</i>                           |      | X  | ASTERACEAE    | attractive dioecious shrub   |
| Brown's Cordia              | <i>Cordia brownei</i>                             |      |    | BORAGINACEAE  | shrub  |
| Bull Hoof                   | <i>Bauhinia divaricata</i>                        | √    |    | FABACEAE - C  | pink & white flowers. B'fly nectar   |
| Bulrush; Bull Rush; Zamia   | <i>Zamia integrifolia</i><br>syn. <i>Z.pumila</i> | c    | x  | ZAMIACEAE     | dioecious. Low, fern-like plant. A porridge was made from the starchy roots. Lfp of Atala b'fly (C Brac)   |
| Bunchosia                   | <i>Bunchosia media</i>                            |      |    | MAPIGHIACEAE  | shrub, yellow fls, bright red fruits   |
| Burn Nose                   | <i>Daphnopsis americana</i>                       | rare |    | THYMELAECEAE  | dioecious, attractive tree   |
| Burn Nose                   | <i>Daphnopsis occidentalis</i>                    | rare |    | THYMELAECEAE  | monoecious, attractive tree  |
| Buttonwood, (Green)         | <i>Conocarpus erectus</i>                         | √c   | X  | COMBRETACEAE  | v. verstatile green Buttonwood   |
| Buttonwood, Silver          | <i>Conocarpus erectus</i> var. <i>sericeus</i>    |      | X  | COMBRETACEAE  | naturally occuring variant   |

| Common Name   | Scientific Name  |    | st | FAMILY           | Notes   |
|---|--|----|----|------------------|---|
| Cabbage Tree  | <i>Guapira discolor</i>  | √c | x  | NYCTAGINACEAE    | dioecious, used for wattles, fr eaten by Caribbean Elaenias             |
| Cajon   | <i>Colubrina cubensis</i>  | √  |    | RHAMNACEAE       | shrub, nectar for butterflies   |
| Calabash; Gourd Tree  | <i>Crescentia cujete</i>   | √c |    | BIGNONIACEAE     | Fruit a gourd, many uses  |
| Calabash, Wild  | <i>Elaeodendron xylocarpum</i> var. <i>attenutum</i>                 | √  |    | CELASTRACEAE     | sm tree, v. variable leaves, bats eat the greenish-yellow fruits        |
| Calliandra  | <i>Calliandra cubensis</i>   |    |    | FABACEAE - M     | sm tree   |
| Candlewood  | <i>Amyris elemifera</i>  | c  | x  | RUTACEAE         | aromatic lvs. B'fly lfp   |
| Candlewood, Black   | <i>Erithralis fruticosa</i>  | √  | X  | RUBIACEAE        | versatile, can grow on ironshore  |
| Caribbean Myrtlecroton  | <i>Bernardia dichotoma</i>   |    |    | EUPHORBIACEAE    | dioecious or monoecious shrub   |
| Casuarina, Weeping Willow                                       | <i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>                                       | no |    | CASUARINACEAE    | non-native, naturalized, invasive, fallen needles inhibit native plants |
| Cat's Claw  | <i>Clerodendron aculeatum</i>  |    | x  | VERBENACEAE      | spiny shrub, white flowers  |
| Cat-tail; Rush; Bulrush,  | <i>Typha domingensis</i>   | c  |    | TYPHACEAE        | wetland plant   |
| Cedar   | <i>Cedrela odorata</i>   | √c |    | MELIACEAE        | large compound lvs  |
| Cestrum; Jessamine  | <i>Cestrum diurnum</i>   |    |    | SOLANACEAE       | white flowers, purple fruits  |
| Cherry  | <i>Myrcanthes fragrans</i>   | √c | x  | MYRTACEAE        | attractive; pale pinkish bark. Wattles                                  |
| Cherry, Bastard   | <i>Ehretia tinifolia</i>   | √  |    | BORAGINACEAE     | tree, little creamy-white flowers                                       |
| Chinese Lantern   | <i>Chascotheca spp</i>   |    |    | EUPHORBIACEAE    | shrubs <i>C.neopeltandra, C.domingensis</i>                             |
| Christmas Berry*  | <i>Allophylus cominia</i> var. <i>caymanensis</i> *                  | √  |    | SAPINDACEAE      | little red fruits at Christmas time                                     |
| Christmas Blossom   | <i>Vernonia divaricata</i>   | √  |    | ASTERACEAE       | shrub, lilac flowers  |
| Clamcherry  | <i>Cordia laevigata</i>  |    |    | BORAGINACEAE     | sm tree, branches in distinct layers                                    |
| Cocoon  | <i>Dalbergia brownii</i>   |    | x  | FABACEAE - F     | sprawling shrub, white flowers  |
| Cocoplum  | <i>Chrysobalanus icaco</i>   | √c | X  | CHRYSOBALANACEAE | coastal native shrub, edible fruit                                      |
| Cocoplum, Wild  | <i>Savia erythroxyloides</i>   | √  |    | EUPHORBIACEAE    | glossy leaves   |
| Corato*   | <i>Agave caymanense</i> * (not <i>A. sobolifera</i> Ref.Dr. Proctor) |    |    | AGAVACEAE        | massive lvs form basal rosette, yellow fls, grows in dry, rocky areas.  |
| Corky Stem Vine   | <i>Passiflora suberosa</i>   | √  |    | PASSIFLORACEAE   | vine. Lfp   |
| Curly Bean  | <i>Adenantha pavonina</i>  | no |    | FABACEAE - M     | invasive, red seeds in curly pod  |
| Custard Apple   | <i>Annona reticulata</i>   |    |    | ANNONACEAE       | bats eat the fruits   |
| Devil Head  | <i>Capparis feruginea</i>  |    |    | CAPPARACEAE      | shrub, red fruits   |
| Draw Water Grass  | <i>Lasiacis divaricata</i>   | c  |    | POACEAE          | woodland grass  |
| Duppy Bush  | <i>Phyllanthus angustifolius</i>                                     | √  | x  | EUPHORBIACEAE    | shrub, good hedge plant   |
| Duranta; Golden Dewdrop   | <i>Duranta erecta</i>  |    | x  | VERBENACEAE      | spiny, nectar for butterflies   |
| Fiddlewood  | <i>Petitia domingensis</i>   | √c |    | VERBENACEAE      | birds eat the fruits  |
| Fiddlewood, White   | <i>Citharexylum fruticosum</i>                                       | √  | x  | VERBENACEAE      | white flowers, fragrant   |
| Fustic  | <i>Maclura tinctoria</i>   | c  |    | MORACEAE         | dioecious, spiny when young   |
| Fustic, Bastard   | <i>Celtis trinervia</i>  |    |    | ULMACEAE         | attractive small tree   |
| Ginep   | <i>Melicocus bijugatus</i>   |    | x  | SAPINDACEAE      | large, very common, edible fruits                                       |
| Green Thorn   | <i>Sideroxylon horridum</i>  |    |    | SAPOTACEAE       | spiny   |
| Guana Berry   | <i>Ernodea littoralis</i>  |    | X  | RUBIACEAE        | sm shrub, grows on the beach  |
| Guava   | <i>Psidium guajava</i>   |    |    | MYRTACEAE        | white flowers, edible fruits  |
| Guava, Wild   | <i>Colubrina elliptica</i>   |    |    | RHAMNACEAE       | bark used to make Mauby drink, WI                                       |
| Gyminda   | <i>Gyminda latifolia</i>   |    | x  | CELASTRACEAE     | attractive shrub/sm. tree, opp. lvs                                     |
| Havana Solanum  | <i>Solanum havanense</i>   | √  |    | SOLANACEAE       | shrub, lilac or white fls, purple fr                                    |
| Headache Bush   | <i>Capparis cynophallophora</i>                                      | √c | x  | CAPPARACEAE      | flowers white, turning purplish   |
| Hook Wiss   | <i>Celtis iguanaea</i>   |    |    | ULMACEAE         | recurved thorns   |
| Ironwood*   | <i>Chionanthus caymanensis</i> *                                     | √c |    | OLACAEAE         | exactly opposite leaves, each pair at right angles to the pair beneath  |
| Ironwood, Bastard;<br>Ironwood, Yellow;<br>Caribbean Princewood | <i>Exostema caribaeum</i>  | √  |    | RUBIACEAE        | leaf arrangement similar to Ironwood, attractive flowers                |

| Common Name                        | Scientific Name  |         | st | FAMILY         | Notes  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------|----|----------------|--|
| Narrow-Leaf Ironwood;<br>Crab Bush | <i>Gymnanthes lucida</i>                                   | √       |    | EUPHORBIACEAE  | monoecious attractive shrub/small tree   |
| Jasmine                            | <i>Plumeria obtusa</i>                                     | √       | x  | APOCYNACEAE    | white flowers. Lfp - Sphinx moths  |
| Jasmine, Wild                      | <i>Tabernaemontna laurifolia</i>                           | √       |    | APOCYNACEAE    | little pin-wheel yellow flowers,<br>attractive glossy leaves   |
| <b>Lady Hair</b>                   | <b><i>Malpighia cubensis</i></b>                           | no      |    | MALPIGHIACEAE  | stinging hairs, pinkish fls, red fruits  |
| Lancewood                          | <i>Randia aculeata</i>                                     | √c      | x  | RUBIACEAE      | white flowers, seeds itself readily  |
| Lantana                            | <i>Lantana camara</i>                                      |         | x  | VERBENACEAE    | poisonous fruits to humans. B'flies  |
| Lipstick Plant; Mahoe              | <i>Malvaviscus arboreus cubensis</i>                       |         |    | MALVACEAE      | stinging hairs   |
| Logwood                            | <i>Haematoxylum campechianum</i>                           | NO<br>c |    | FABACEAE - C   | non-native, naturalized, invasive. Dye<br>was exported   |
| Mahogany                           | <i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>                                  | √c      | x  | MELIACEAE      | exported   |
| Mahogany, Bastard                  | <i>Trichilia glabra</i>                                    | √c      |    | MELIACEAE      | small tree   |
| <b>Maiden Plum</b>                 | <b><i>Comocladia dentata</i></b>                           | NO      |    | ANACARDIACEAE  | v. common, invasive, <b>poisonous sap</b>  |
| <b>Manchineel</b>                  | <b><i>Hippomane mancinella</i></b>                         | NO      | X  | EUPHORBIACEAE  | <b>highly irritant sap</b> , do not stand under<br>this tree when it's raining. Lvs similar to<br>Wild Fig - <i>Ficus citrifolia</i> |
| Mango                              | <i>Mangifera indica</i>                                    |         |    | ANACARDIACEAE  | naturalized; fresh water, edible fruits  |
| Mangrove, Black                    | <i>Avicennia germinans</i>                                 |         | X  | AVICENNIACEAE  | pneumatophores - short breathing roots.<br>Lvs opposite, dk glossy green above,<br>greyish underneath, white fls                     |
| Mangrove, Red                      | <i>Rhizophora mangle</i>                                   |         | X  | RHIZOPHORACEAE | Prop roots. Lvs opposite, pale yellow<br>flowers.  |
| Mangrove, White                    | <i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>                               |         | x  | COMBRETACEAE   | tree or shrub, lvs opposite, pair of<br>glands on leaf stalk, tiny white fls   |
| Marine Vine; Sorrel Vine           | <i>Cissus trifoliata</i>                                   | √       | X  | VITACEAE       | vine, 3-leaflets grows on rock & trees   |
| Mastic, Black*                     | <i>Terminalia eriostachya</i> var.<br><i>margaretiae</i> * | rare    |    | COMBRETACEAE   | rare; fruit eaten by parrots   |
| MASTIC, Yellow                     | <i>Sideroxylon foetidissimum</i>                           | c       | x  | SAPOTACEAE     | Mastic Trail tree. Lfp   |
| Mulberry; Noni                     | <i>Morinda citrifolia</i>                                  |         | x  | RUBIACEAE      | B'flies - nectar. Medicinal properties   |
| Neem                               | <i>Azadirachta indica</i>                                  | no      |    | MELIACEAE      | insecticidal properties, potential to be<br>invasive   |
| Neesberry                          | <i>Manilkara zapota</i>                                    | c       |    | SAPOTACEAE     | naturalized; edible fruits   |
| Parrot Berry; Snake Berry          | <i>Bourreria venosa</i>                                    | √       |    | BORAGINACEAE   | bright orange fruits   |
| Pepper Cinnamon                    | <i>Canella winterana</i>                                   | √c      | x  | CANELLACEAE    | red flowers & fr.  |
| Picklewood                         | <i>Guettarda elliptica</i>                                 |         |    | RUBIACEAE      | mottled bark sheds, velvety fruits   |
| Pingwing                           | <i>Bromelia pinguin</i>                                    | c       |    | BROMELIACEAE   | used as a natural fence  |
| Pompero; Plumperra                 | <i>Hypelate trifoliata</i>                                 | √c      |    | SAPINDACEAE    | 3 leaflets, attractive   |
| Popnut; Plopnut                    | <i>Thespesia populnea</i>                                  | c       | X  | MALVACEAE      | v. fast growing, sprawling   |
| Privet; Catclaw-Blackbead          | <i>Pithecolobium unguis-cati</i>                           |         | x  | FABACEAE - M   | naturalized, spiny hedge plant, b'flies  |
| Privet, Florida                    | <i>Foresteria segregata</i>                                |         | x  | OLACAEAE       | dioecious, attractive shrub/small tree   |
| Privet Senna                       | <i>Senna ligustrina</i>                                    |         |    | FABACEAE - C   | attractive shrub, lfp  |
| Pudding Withe                      | <i>Cissus microcarpa</i>                                   | √       |    | VITACEAE       | vine, red flowers, nectar - birds  |
| Quacori                            | <i>Cissampelos pareira</i>                                 | √c      |    | MENISPERMACEAE | vine, leaves used for polishing glass  |
| Royal Palm                         | <i>Roystonea regia</i>                                     | √       |    | ARECACEAE      | important to birds & rabbits/agouti  |
| Sage, Roundleaf; Bitter Sage       | <i>Lantana involucrata</i>                                 |         | x  | VERBENACEAE    | herbaceous shrub, purple fruits  |
| Sage, Sweet; Lanky Lantana         | <i>Lantana urticifolia</i>                                 |         |    | VERBENACEAE    | woodland shrub. B'flies - nectar   |
| Scaevola, Inkberry                 | <i>Scaevola plumieri</i>                                   |         | X  | GOODENIACEAE   | black fruits, good native beach plant  |
| Scaevola                           | <i>Scaevola sericea</i>                                    | NO      | X  | GOODENIACEAE   | highly invasive, crowds out other<br>vegetation, white fruits  |
| Schaefferia                        | <i>Schaefferia frutescens</i>                              |         |    | CELASTRACEAE   | shrub/sm tree  |
| Sea Grape                          | <i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>                                   | √c      | X  | POLYGONACEAE   | seashore tree, large round leaves  |
| Seaside Mahoe                      | <i>Hibiscus pernamubicensis</i>                            |         | X  | MALVACEAE      | fl of native shrub has <b>yellow centre</b>  |
| Sea Olive; White-Alling            | <i>Bontia daphnoides</i>                                   | √       | x  | MYOPORACEAE    | shrub/small tree   |
| Schoepfia                          | <i>Schoepfia chrysophylloides</i>                          |         |    | OLACAEAE       | roots parasitic on other plants  |

| Common Name                       | Scientific Name  |      | st | FAMILY                       | Notes   |
|-----------------------------------|--|------|----|------------------------------|---|
| Shake Hand Tree - 1               | <i>Xylosma bahamense</i>                                 | √    |    | SALICACEAE                   | spines on trunk   |
| Shake Hand Tree - 2               | <i>Zanthoxylum coriaceum</i>                             |      |    | RUTACEAE                     | spines on leaves & trunk. B'fly lfp                                     |
| Shamrock; Yellow Alder            | <i>Tecoma stans</i>                                      |      | x  | BIGNONIACEAE                 | yellow flowers, v. common. Nectar                                       |
| Smoke Wood                        | <i>Erythroxylum areolatum</i>                            | √c   |    | ERYTHROXYLACEAE              | used in smoke-pots to ward off mosquitoes, white flowers                |
| Smoke Wood                        | <i>Erythroxylum confusum</i>                             | c    |    | ERYTHROXYLACEAE              | sinkhole species, dark thick bark                                       |
| Snake Wood                        | <i>Colubrina arborescens</i>                             |      |    | RHAMNACEAE                   | small tree, grows readily from seeds                                    |
| Snowberry                         | <i>Chiococca alba</i>                                    | √    |    | RUBIACEAE                    | shrub - viny  |
| Spanish Elm                       | <i>Cordia gerascanthus</i>                               | √c   |    | BORAGINACEAE                 | white fls turn brown  |
| Strawberry                        | <i>Eugenia axillaris</i>                                 | √c   | x  | MYRTACEAE                    | aromatic lvs, little edible fruits                                      |
| Strawberry, Bastard               | <i>Calyptanthus pallens</i>                              | √    | x  | MYRTACEAE                    | looks v. similar to strawberry  |
| Strong Back; Wild Coffee          | <i>Psychotria nervosa</i>                                |      |    | RUBIACEAE                    | shrub, leaf veins depressed   |
| Sweetwood                         | <i>Ocotea coriacea</i>                                   | √    | x  | LAURACEAE                    | tiny white flowers  |
| Tamarind                          | <i>Tamarindus indica</i>                                 | c    |    | FABACEAE - C                 | naturalized, edible fruits  |
| Tamarind, Wild                    | <i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>                             | NO   | x  | FABACEAE - M                 | very invasive   |
| Thatch, Bull                      | <i>Thrinax radiata</i>                                   |      | X  | ARECACEAE                    | seeds readily, tends to predominate                                     |
| Thatch, Silver                    | <i>Coccothrinax proctorii</i>                            | √c   | X  | ARECACEAE                    | National tree grows <b>very</b> slowly                                  |
| Thom Prickle                      | <i>Casearia aculeata</i>                                 |      |    | SALICACEAE                   | shrub, can be trimmed; spiny spurs                                      |
| Tobacco Berry                     | <i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>                             | √    | X  | CELASTRACEAE                 | small shrub, scarlet fruits   |
| Trema                             | <i>Trema lamareckianum</i>                               |      | x  | ULMACEAE                     | shrub/small tree. B'fly lfp   |
| Trichilia                         | <i>Trichilia havanensis</i>                              | rare |    | MELIACEAE                    | new plants from root runners  |
| Turkey Berry*                     | <i>Crossopetalum caymanense*</i>                         | √    |    | CELASTRACEAE                 | small shrub   |
| Wash Wood                         | <i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>                                | c    | X  | THEOPHRASTRAC-EAE            | white flowers, grows v. slowly on beach, marl or ironshore or bluff.    |
| Wash Wood; Proctor's Jacquinia    | <i>Jacquinia proctorii</i>                               | √c   | X  | THEOPHRASTRAC-EAE            | little yellow flowers   |
| Whitewood; Pink Poui              | <i>Tabebuia heterophylla</i>                             | √    | x  | BIGNONIACEAE                 | very common, grows quickly, seeds itself readily, tends to be invasive. |
| Wild Banana Orchid*               | <i>Myrmecophila thomsoniana</i> var. <i>thomsoniana*</i> | √    | x  | ORCHIDACEAE                  | orchid - National flower. Grand Cayman                                  |
| Wild Banana Orchid*               | <i>Myrmecophila thomsoniana</i> var. <i>minor*</i>       | √    |    | ORCHIDACEAE                  | orchid - National flower. CB & LC                                       |
| Wild Cinnamon                     | <i>Croton nitens</i>                                     | √    |    | EUPHORBIACEAE                | occasional orange leaf. Lfp?  |
| Wild Coffee                       | <i>Casearia guianensis</i>                               |      |    | SALICACEAE                   | shrub   |
| Wild Coffee                       | <i>Casearia hirsuta</i>                                  |      |    | SALICACEAE                   | shrub, velvety leaves   |
| Wild Fig                          | <i>Ficus aurea</i>                                       | √    | x  | MORACEAE                     | large tree  |
| Wild Fig                          | <i>Ficus citrifolia</i>                                  |      |    | MORACEAE                     | rarer than <i>F.aurea</i> lvs like Manchineel                           |
| Wild Sapodilla; White Bullet      | <i>Sideroxylum salicifolium</i>                          | √    |    | SAPOTACEAE                   | grows quickly   |
| Wild Spanish Armada               | <i>Alvaradoa amorphoides</i>                             |      |    | SIMAROUBACEAE (PICRAMNACEAE) | monoecious. Attractive shrub/small tree                                 |
| Yellow Nightshade; Wild Allamanda | <i>Pentalinon luteum</i> syn. <i>Urechites lutea</i>     |      | x  | APOCYNACEAE                  | yellow flowers  |
| Yellow Root                       | <i>Morinda royoc</i>                                     | c    | x  | RUBIACEAE                    | straggling shrub, white flowers   |
| Yellow Sanders; Satinwood         | <i>Zanthoxylum flavum</i>                                | c    |    | RUTACEAE                     | Bfly lfp.   |
| Yellow Trumpet Bush               | <i>Hamaelia cuprea</i>                                   | √    |    | RUBIACEAE                    | attractive yellow flowers   |

## NOTES

Plants previously in FLACOURTIACEAE family are now in SALICACEAE Family. Ref. Dr. George R. Proctor

|  |   |                                 |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>FABACEAE (LEGUMINOSAE)</b>  | All have a pod (a Legume) which splits longitudinally, and can be divided into 3 subfamilies  |                                 |
| FABACEAE - F - the largest of the 3 subfamilies, about 2/3 of genera & species | <b>FABOIDEAE</b> - pea/bean type flowers, 5 petals, standard & 4 others, uppermost petal attached inside the others and covering them in bud. Flowers irregular - zygomorphic. The majority are herbaceous, although there are some trees and shrubs. PAPILIONOIDAE is not correct, ref. Dr Proctor 15 Jan 2005 |                                 |
| FABACEAE - C   | <b>CAESALPINIOIDEAE</b> - open flowers with 5 spreading petals.   | Flowers irregular- Zygomorphic  |
|  | Flowers not pea-like, uppermost petal attached inside the others & covered by them in bud   |                                 |
| FABACEAE - M   | <b>MIMOSOIDEAE</b> - tiny tubular flowers in pom-pom-like clusters.   | Flowers regular - Actinomorphic |
|  | Petals all equal; stamens 10 or more, usually much more conspicuous than the petals.  |                                 |